

FUSTA Child Protection Training Quiz

1. Although child sexual abuse is reported as much as 90,000 times a year, most cases are **not** reported. (Slide #8, bullet point #3 and slide #13, bullet point #1)
 - A. True
 - B. False
2. Which of the following is **not** a type of abuse? (Slide #10, bullet points #1, 2, 3 and 7)
 - A. Physical Abuse
 - B. Psychological Maltreatment
 - C. Neglect
 - D. Threats of harm
 - E. All are types of abuse
3. Victims of child abuse also tend to: (Slide #11, paragraph 3, bullet points # 1 and 2)
 - A. Engage in criminal activity at a higher rate than the general population.
 - B. More likely than others to engage in risky sexual behavior.
 - C. Become heavy drinkers
 - D. A and B
4. Which of the following is **not** a typical child molester? (Slide # 14)
 - A. They are known to the victim
 - B. Unknown to the victim
 - C. Older than the victim
 - D. All of these are types of child molesters
5. Which of the following is **not** a type of method of child molester? (Slide # 17 and slide #18)
 - A. Preferential
 - B. Institutional
 - C. Situational
 - D. None of the above
6. Usually there are obvious external signs of child sexual abuse. (Slide #23 paragraph #2)
 - A. True
 - B. False
7. Which of the following is true? (Slide #13, bullet point #1)
 - A. Most children are abused by strangers
 - B. It is unusual for victims of child abuse to later engage in child abuse as adults
 - C. Most sexual abuse is probably not reported.
 - D. Many victims of child abuse become pyromaniacs
8. It is **not** necessary to have strict enforcement of the FUSTA policies regarding child abuse (Slide #6, bullet points #10 and slide #7, bullet point 12 and slide #8, bullet point #6 and slide #9, bullet point #2)
 - A. True
 - B. False

9. What happens to those who are reported as having violated a FUSTA Child Protection policy? (Slide #40, bullet points #3)
- A. FUSTA Executive Board takes appropriate follow-up action
 - B. No action unless parent complains
 - C. Reviewed by the FUSTA member in charge of the event/activity
 - D. B or C, depending on the violation
10. Paired Adult Supervision requires both adults to be 21 years of age or older. (Slide #3, bullet point #1)
- A. True
 - B. False
11. Which of the following is true about Paired Adult Supervision? (Slide #29, paragraph #2)
- A. One adult must be a Child Protection Certified
 - B. No adult, with the exception of a parent, should be allowed to be alone with a dancer in an isolated place.
 - C. One of the leaders must be a parent of a participant
 - D. A and B
12. If parents give verbal and/or written permission, a FUSTA member may help with a minor in situations such as changing clothes/costumes at a FUSTA event without adhering to the Paired Adult Supervision policy. (Slide #5, bullet point #5)
- A. True
 - B. False
13. It is okay for an adult FUSTA member to take a child who is **not** their legal child on a walk alone while on a FUSTA outing. (Slide #3, bullet point #1, 2, 3 and 4 and slides #29, 39 and 43)
- A. True
 - B. False
14. Which of the following circumstances would allow the respect of privacy policy to be suspended? (Slide #5, bullet point #5)
- A. When children are homesick
 - B. If a child asks specifically to speak to you alone
 - C. If the health or safety of a child is compromised
 - D. All of the above
15. What should you do if you observe an adult or a youth/child exposing any other child to physical, emotional or sexual abuse, or exploiting or exposing them to any form of violence, threat, pornography or obscene material? (Slide #45)
- A. Stop the behavior immediately.
 - B. Report the incident to the parents of those involved and to the FUSTA member in charge of the event/activity and the FUSTA President as soon as possible.

- C. Report the incident to local police and child protection agency.
- D. All of the above.

16. Skinny-dipping is a violation of the Appropriate Attire policy. (Slide #6, bullet point #9)

- A. True
- B. False

17. Corporal punishment may be permitted in the FUSTA Child Protection Program under extreme circumstances. (Slide #6, bullet point #8)

- A. True
- B. False

18. What FUSTA Child Protection policies create barriers against child molesters? (Slide #17, paragraph #3 and slide #18, paragraph #3)

- A. No one-on-one contact
- B. Paired Adult Supervision
- C. Criminal background checks
- D. A and B

19. Light hazing in Highland dancing is permitted with full adult supervision. (Slide #5, bullet point #7)

- A. True
- B. False

20. Which of the following may be signs a child has been abused or bullied? (Slide #24, bullet points #7 and 8 and slide #25, bullet point #6)

- A. Fear of touch
- B. Nervousness around another particular dancer, adult or family member
- C. Withdrawal, secretiveness or depression
- D. All of the above

21. Adult members in FUSTA and parents have an obligation to recognize and address bullying issues in Highland Dancing. (Slide #5, bullet point #7 and slide #7 bullet point #11)

- A. True
- B. False

22. What can you do as an adult FUSTA member or parent to create an anti-bullying culture? (Slide #6, bullet point #10 and slide #7 bullet point #11)

- A. Stop any bullying behavior immediately
- B. Tell the bully his/her actions are unacceptable and must stop
- C. Always model kind behavior
- D. All of the above

23. Adult FUSTA members and parents should address "cyber bullying" with the same urgency as physical bullying. (Slide #5, bullet point #7)

- A. True
- B. False

24. Which of the below should concern you? (slide 18 paragraph 1, slide 38, slide 21 #4)
- A. Violates Paired Adult Supervision
 - B. Violates no one-on-one contact
 - C. Actions that might indicate grooming
 - D. All of the above
25. Depending on the circumstances, the membership privileges of any adult or youth in FUSTA may be revoked for violating which of the following membership responsibilities? (Slide #40, slide #5 paragraph #7 and slide #6 paragraph #10)
- A. No physical violence, hazing, bullying or theft
 - B. No verbal insults
 - C. Excessive abuse of drugs or alcohol
 - D. Any of the above
26. You must accept a child's report of abuse at face value. (Slides # 28, #32 and #33)
- A. True
 - B. False
27. What should you do when you either suspect abuse or there is an indication of abuse at a FUSTA activity? (Slide #28, slide #35, and slide #40, bullet point #2)
- A. Report your information to appropriate local authorities.
 - B. Report your information to the person in charge of the activity and to the FUSTA President immediately.
 - C. Sleep on the information for a couple of nights.
 - D. A and B